## Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary

Financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2025 and Independent Auditor's Report



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## Independent Auditor's Report

## To the Shareholders of Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited

## Opinion

I have audited the consolidated and separate financial statements of Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its subsidiary (the "Group") and of Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited (the "Company"), respectively, which comprise the consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at 30 September 2025, the consolidated and separate statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the accompanying consolidated and separate financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Group and the Company, respectively, as at 30 September 2025 and their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards (TFRSs).

## Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing (TSAs). My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements* section of my report. I am independent of the Group and the Company in accordance with the *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants including Independence Standards* issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions (Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants) that is relevant to my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.



## Key Audit Matter

Key audit matter is those matters that, in my professional judgment, were of most significance in my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period. This matter was addressed in the context of my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on this matter.

## Valuation of inventories

Refer to Notes 3 (g) and 7 to the financial statements.

## The key audit matter

The products of the Group are metal and plastic parts for automobile electronic equipment and office automation appliances which are subject to rapid technological developments. Having substantial inventories may result in an increased risk of obsolescence and deterioration in the quality of raw materials, parts and manufactured products during storage. The carrying value of inventories is significant and the net realisable value of inventories requires management's discretion and judgment. Therefore, I considered this as a key audit matter.

## How the matter was addressed in the audit

My audit procedures included obtaining an understanding of the Group's approach for determining the net realisable value, the Group's inventory management policies through inquiry of management responsible for this area and test of design and implementation of controls regarding the approval of reports about slow moving inventory.

I tested the slow-moving inventory reports on mathematical accuracy. I tested the correctness of the reports by checking the details against supporting documents for a sample. I assessed the appropriateness of the methodology used for calculating the provision for obsolete by challenging the assumptions and comparing with historical experience. I also assessed the adequacy of disclosures in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.

## Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated and separate financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to me after the date of this auditor's report.

My opinion on the consolidated and separate financial statements does not cover the other information and I will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated and separate financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When I read the annual report, if I conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, I am required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and request that the correction be made.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated and separate financial statements in accordance with TFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated and separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated and separate financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group and the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's and the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with TSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated and separate financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with TSAs, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated and separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
  of the Group's and the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated and separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated and separate financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated and separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business
  activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. I am responsible
  for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit
  opinion.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, I determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. I describe these matters in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

(Jamjuree Sathapornchaiwat) Certified Public Accountant

Registration No. 11567

KPMG Phoomchai Audit Ltd. Bangkok 20 November 2025

## Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Statements of financial position

		Consolie	dated	Separate	
		financial sta	atements	financial st	atements
		30 Septe	ember	30 Septe	ember
Assets	Note	2025	2024	2025	2024
			(in Ba	ht)	
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	5	2,959,301,166	1,985,739,899	2,277,627,149	1,443,936,106
Trade accounts receivable	4, 6	2,886,404,623	2,530,787,972	2,541,053,626	2,158,935,667
Other current receivables	4	448,770,355	375,316,922	427,550,658	354,008,218
Inventories	7	1,512,301,833	1,765,477,358	1,158,071,256	1,368,155,509
Other current financial assets	_	<u> </u>	19,930,016		19,930,016
Total current assets	_	7,806,777,977	6,677,252,167	6,404,302,689	5,344,965,516
					=
Non-current assets					
Investment in subsidiary	8	-	-	299,998,000	299,998,000
Property, plant and equipment	9	2,161,877,663	2,308,119,968	1,778,058,107	1,803,981,277
Intangible assets		20,393,145	25,331,832	18,005,785	22,422,670
Deferred tax assets	16	22,186,986	19,778,262	-	-
Other non-current assets	_	2,433,312	2,124,637	2,263,312	1,954,636
Total non-current assets	_	2,206,891,106	2,355,354,699	2,098,325,204	2,128,356,583
				19	
Total assets	=	10,013,669,083	9,032,606,866	8,502,627,893	7,473,322,099

## Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Statements of financial position

		Consolie financial st: 30 Septe	atements	Separ financial st 30 Sept	atements
Liabilities and equity	Note	2025	2024	2025	2024
			(in Ba	ht)	
Current liabilities					
Trade accounts payable	4	1,642,488,802	1,685,452,350	1,472,745,775	1,514,455,082
Other current payables	4	356,089,878	313,773,625	319,013,668	275,004,577
Payables for property, plant and					
equipment	4	10,996,397	20,213,900	10,580,020	16,267,588
Current portion of lease liabilities	10	84,971,895	99,147,663	8,675,006	16,079,837
Corporate income tax payable		139,265,562	8,536,676	130,355,565	_
Other current financial liabilities	_	9,869,305	-	9,869,305	-
Total current liabilities		2,243,681,839	2,127,124,214	1,951,239,339	1,821,807,084
Non-current liabilities					
Lease liabilities	10	93,300,795	151,540,497	7,630,254	12,300,706
Deferred tax liabilities	16	5,652,513	12,441,468	5,652,513	12,441,468
Non-current provisions for					
employee benefits	11 _	440,878,540	406,381,752	344,911,966	323,089,658
Total non-current liabilities		539,831,848	570,363,717	358,194,733	347,831,832
Total liabilities		2,783,513,687	2,697,487,931	2,309,434,072	2,169,638,916
Equity					
Share capital					
Authorised share capital					
(23,898 thousand ordinary shares,					
par value at Baht 10 per share)	_	238,981,000	238,981,000	238,981,000	238,981,000
Issued and paid-up share capital					
(20,898 thousand ordinary shares,					
par value at Baht 10 per share)		208,981,000	208,981,000	208,981,000	208,981,000
Share premium					
Share premium on ordinary shares	12	653,700,000	653,700,000	653,700,000	653,700,000
Retained earnings					
Appropriated					
Legal reserve	13	25,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
Unappropriated	_	6,342,474,396	5,447,437,935	5,305,512,821	4,416,002,183
Total equity	-	7,230,155,396	6,335,118,935	6,193,193,821	5,303,683,183
Total liabilities and equity	_	10,013,669,083	9,032,606,866	8,502,627,893	7,473,322,099
The accompanying notes form an integral p	part of thes	e financial statements			

## Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Statements of comprehensive income

		Consol	idated	Sepa	rate
		financial s	tatements	financial st	tatements
		Year ended 30	September	Year ended 30	September
	Note	2025	2024	2025	2024
			(in Bo	aht)	
Income					
Revenue from sale of goods	4, 14	17,693,471,304	15,833,113,852	15,618,656,303	13,535,218,496
Dividend income	4, 8	-	-	49,999,666	19,999,866
Other income	4	110,612,542	125,167,507	60,125,766	81,353,737
Gain on fair value adjustment	22	-	19,930,016	-	19,930,016
Total income		17,804,083,846	15,978,211,375	15,728,781,735	13,656,502,115
Expenses					
Cost of sale of goods	4, 7, 15	15,557,475,191	14,614,122,584	13,565,224,016	12,400,682,135
Distribution costs	4, 15	435,112,754	370,555,942	419,955,407	355,007,616
Administrative expenses	4, 15	366,710,687	327,499,082	324,760,614	281,866,062
Net foreign exchange losses	22	15,260,674	287,193,547	24,698,572	304,050,413
Loss on fair value adjustment		29,799,320	-	29,799,320	-
Finance costs		7,236,308	9,537,404	649,322	707,378
Total expenses		16,411,594,934	15,608,908,559	14,365,087,251	13,342,313,604
Profit before income tax expense		1,392,488,912	369,302,816	1,363,694,484	314,188,511
Tax expense	16	292,552,647	73,609,956	277,492,460	59,145,869
Profit for the year		1,099,936,265	295,692,860	1,086,202,024	255,042,642
Other comprehensive income					
Items that will not be reclassified					
subsequently to profit or loss					
Loss on remeasurements of					
defined benefit plans	11, 16	(47,143,338)	(32,900,513)	(36,883,233)	(17,894,938)
Income tax on other comprehensive income	16	9,428,668	6,580,103	7,376,647	3,578,988
Other comprehensive income					
for the year, net of tax		(37,714,670)	(26,320,410)	(29,506,586)	(14,315,950)
Total comprehensive income					_
for the year		1,062,221,595	269,372,450	1,056,695,438	240,726,692
			92		
Basic earnings per share (in Baht)	17	52.63	14.15	51.98	12.20

# Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Statements of changes in equity

Consolidated financial statements

				Retained earnings	earnings	
		Issued and				
		paid-up	Share			
	Note	share capital	premium	Legal reserve	Unappropriated	Total equity
				(in Baht)		
Year ended 30 September 2024						
Balance at 1 October 2023		208,981,000	653,700,000	25,000,000	5,387,046,619	6,274,727,619
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity						
Distributions to owners of the parent						
Dividends	. 81	1	1		(208,981,134)	(208,981,134)
Total distributions to owners of the parent				1	(208,981,134)	(208,981,134)
Comprehensive income for the year						
Profit or loss		ı	1	1	295,692,860	295,692,860
Other comprehensive income		1	1	1	(26,320,410)	(26,320,410)
Total comprehensive income for the year		1	1	1	269,372,450	269,372,450
Balance at 30 September 2024		208,981,000	653,700,000	25,000,000	5,447,437,935	6,335,118,935

# Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Statements of changes in equity

Consolidated financial statements

			•	Retained earnings	earnings	
		Issued and				
		paid-up	Share			
	Note	share capital	premium	Legal reserve	Unappropriated	Total equity
				(in Baht)		
Year ended 30 September 2025						
Balance at 1 October 2024		208,981,000	653,700,000	25,000,000	5,447,437,935	6,335,118,935
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity						
Distributions to owners of the parent						
Dividends	18	1	1	,	(167,185,134)	(167,185,134)
Total distributions to owners of the parent		1	1	1	(167,185,134)	(167,185,134)
Comprehensive income for the year						
Profit or loss		1	1	1	1,099,936,265	1,099,936,265
Other comprehensive income	,	1	1	1	(37,714,670)	(37,714,670)
Total comprehensive income for the year		1	ı	'	1,062,221,595	1,062,221,595
Balance at 30 September 2025	"	208,981,000	653,700,000	25,000,000	6,342,474,396	7,230,155,396

# Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Statements of changes in equity

Separate financial statements

				Retained earnings	earnings	
		Issued and				
		paid-up	Share			
	Note	share capital	premium	Legal reserve	Unappropriated	Total equity
				(in Baht)		
Year ended 30 September 2024						
Balance at 1 October 2023		208,981,000	653,700,000	25,000,000	4,384,256,491	5,271,937,491
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity						
Distributions to owners						
Dividends	18		,1	ı	(208,981,000)	(208,981,000)
Total distributions to owners		1	1	ı	(208,981,000)	(208,981,000)
Comprehensive income for the year						
Profit or loss		ì	ï	i	255,042,642	255,042,642
Other comprehensive income		1	1	1	(14,315,950)	(14,315,950)
Total comprehensive income for the year		t	ı	ı	240,726,692	240,726,692
Balance at 30 September 2024		208,981,000	653,700,000	25,000,000	4,416,002,183	5,303,683,183

# Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary

Statements of changes in equity

Separate financial statements

			•	Retained earnings	earnings	
		Issued and				
		paid-up	Share			
	Note	share capital	premium	Legal reserve	Unappropriated	Total equity
				(in Baht)		
Year ended 30 September 2025						
Balance at 1 October 2024		208,981,000	653,700,000	25,000,000	4,416,002,183	5,303,683,183
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity						
Distributions to owners						
Dividends	18	1	1	1	(167,184,800)	(167,184,800)
Total distributions to owners	,	ı		1	(167,184,800)	(167,184,800)
Comprehensive income for the year						
Profit or loss		į	Î	i	1,086,202,024	1,086,202,024
Other comprehensive income		2	1	1	(29,506,586)	(29,506,586)
Total comprehensive income for the year	,	I	1	1	1,056,695,438	1,056,695,438
Balance at 30 September 2025		208,981,000	653,700,000	25,000,000	5,305,512,821	6,193,193,821

## Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Statements of cash flows

		Consolid	ated	Separa	te
		financial sta	tements	financial stat	tements
		Year ended 30 S	eptember	Year ended 30 Se	eptember
	Note	2025	2024	2025	2024
			(in Ba	ht)	
Cash flows from operating activities					
Profit for the year		1,099,936,265	295,692,860	1,086,202,024	255,042,642
Adjustments to reconcile profit to cash receipts (payr	nents)				
Tax expense	16	292,552,647	73,609,956	277,492,460	59,145,869
Finance costs		7,236,308	9,537,404	649,322	707,378
Depreciation and amortisation	15	435,137,067	440,002,377	270,474,508	264,309,083
Unrealised (gain) loss on foreign exchange		(76,061,871)	176,553,569	(79,481,573)	181,644,155
Loss (gain) on fair value adjustment		29,799,320	(19,930,016)	29,799,320	(19,930,016)
(Reversal of) loss on inventories devaluation	7	(3,184,963)	3,303,662	(2,451,916)	3,049,236
Gain on disposal and write-off of intangible assets		(1,624,992)	·	(1,624,992)	
Loss on disposals and write-off of property,					
plant and equipment		11,787,231	2,464,779	11,693,048	1,543,139
Provision for benefit expenses	11	36,970,728	36,291,653	28,483,688	27,930,739
Dividend income	4 _			(49,999,666)	(19,999,866)
		1,832,547,740	1,017,526,244	1,571,236,223	753,442,359
Changes in operating assets and liabilities					
Trade accounts receivable		(267,822,232)	(73,605,586)	(294,979,550)	(146,674,684)
Other current receivables		(85,712,621)	(309,800,367)	(85,800,860)	(306,879,957)
Inventories		256,360,488	(236,302,421)	212,536,169	(329,984,753)
Other non-current assets		(308,676)	9,828,298	(308,676)	300,000
Trade accounts payable		(50,451,974)	(131,865,874)	(49,059,386)	(69,596,110)
Other current payables		38,400,670	(4,442,990)	40,111,742	(2,354,086)
Employee benefit paid	11 -	(49,617,277)	(37,468,819)	(43,544,613)	(31,949,974)
Net cash generated from (used in) operations		1,673,396,118	233,868,485	1,350,191,049	(133,697,205)
Tax paid	_	(149,275,823)	(107,318,328)	(134,232,254)	(96,658,541)
Net cash from (used in) operating activities	_	1,524,120,295	126,550,157	1,215,958,795	(230,355,746)

## Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Statements of cash flows

		Consolida	ated	Separat	e
		financial stat	ements	financial state	ements
		Year ended 30 Se	eptember	Year ended 30 Se	ptember
N	ote	2025	2024	2025	2024
			(in Bah	nt)	
Cash flows from investing activities					
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		3,453,128	5,160,302	2,818,764	3,026,806
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(260,923,995)	(218,064,669)	(242,674,935)	(201,983,965)
Acquisition of intangible assets		(12,460,012)	(6,730,900)	(11,310,812)	(4,379,499)
Dividends received		-	_	49,999,666	19,999,866
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(269,930,879)	(219,635,267)	(201,167,317)	(183,336,792)
	157				
Cash flows from financing activities					
Payment of lease liabilities		(112,884,979)	(124,370,046)	(16,798,377)	(17,982,402)
February 50 (17 C) (10 c)	18	(167,185,134)	(208,981,134)	(167,184,800)	(208,981,000)
Interest paid		(7,236,308)	(9,537,404)	(649,322)	(707,378)
Cash used in financing activities	-	(287,306,421)	(342,888,584)	(184,632,499)	(227,670,780)
Cash doed in immediate	-				
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents,					
before effect of exchange rates changes		966,882,995	(435,973,694)	830,158,979	(641,363,318)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and					
cash equivalents		6,678,272	(106,920,080)	3,532,064	(109,340,190)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		973,561,267	(542,893,774)	833,691,043	(750,703,508)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		1,985,739,899	2,528,633,673	1,443,936,106	2,194,639,614
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	5	2,959,301,166	1,985,739,899	2,277,627,149	1,443,936,106
0.000		-			
Supplemental disclosures of cash flows					
information:					
Property, plant and equipment purchased					
during the years are details as follows:					
Increase in property, plant and equipment					
during the years	9	285,111,430	265,471,139	241,710,462	224,842,710
Less assets acquired by means of					
lease liabilities		(33,404,938)	(37,166,811)	(4,723,095)	(14,861,206)
Change in payables for purchase of					
property, plant and equipment		9,217,503	(10,239,659)	5,687,568	(7,997,539)
Purchased of property, plant and					
equipment paid by cash		260,923,995	218,064,669	242,674,935	201,983,965
-4h					

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These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

The financial statements issued for Thai statutory and regulatory reporting purposes are prepared in the Thai language. These English language financial statements have been prepared from the Thai language statutory financial statements, and were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 20 November 2025.

## 1 General information

Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited, the "Company", is incorporated in Thailand and was listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand in August 1992. The Company's registered office at No. 886 Ramindhra Road, Khwaeng Kannayao, Khet Kannayao, Bangkok 10230, Thailand. Its plants are located at 1 Mu 6 Bangna-Trat Road Km.25, Tambol Bangsaowthong, Amphur Bangsaowthong, Samutprakarn 10570 and 99/7 Mu 3 Bangna-Trat Road Km.23, Tambol Bangsaowthong, Amphur Bangsaowthong, Samutprakarn 10570.

The parent company of the Group during the financial year was Muramoto Industry Co., Ltd. (incorporated in Japan).

The principal activities of the Company are manufacturing of metal and plastic parts for audio/visual equipment and electronic equipment for automobiles and office automation appliances. Details of the Company's subsidiary is given in note 8.

## 2 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS"), guidelines promulgated by the Federation of Accounting Professions and applicable rules and regulations of the Thai Securities and Exchange Commission. The financial statements are presented in Thai Baht, which is the Company's functional currency. The accounting policies, described in note 3, have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with TFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the Group's accounting policies. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

## 3 Material accounting policies

## (a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements relate to the Company and its subsidiary (together referred to as the "Group"). The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income or expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated on consolidation.

## (b) Investments in subsidiary

Investments in subsidiary in the separate financial statements are measured at cost. Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss on the date on which the Company's right to receive payment is established.

## Foreign currencies (c)

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currencies at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the reporting date.

Foreign currency differences are generally recognised in profit or loss.

## Financial instruments (d)

(d.1) Classification and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities (except trade accounts receivable (see note 3(f))) are initially recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument, and measured at fair value plus or minus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortised cost; fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI); or FVTPL. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified prospectively from the reclassification date.

On initial recognition, financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense, foreign exchange gains and losses and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets measured at amortised costs are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by expected credit losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses, expected credit loss and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in profit or loss.

(d.2) Derecognition and offsetting

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Group derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Group also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value.

The difference between the carrying amount extinguished and the consideration received or paid is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and the Group intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(d.3) Derivatives

Derivative are recognised at fair value and remeasured at fair value at each reporting date. The gain or loss on remeasurement to fair value is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(d.4) Write offs

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering. Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off, are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

(d.5) Interest

Interest income and expense is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method. In calculating interest income and expense, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset (when the asset is not credit-impaired) or to the amortised cost of the liability.

## (e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and bank deposits.

## (f) Trade accounts receivable

A trade receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A trade receivable is measured at transaction price less allowance for expected credit loss. Bad debts are written off when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering.

The Group estimates lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs), using a provision matrix to find the ECLs rates. This method groups the debtors based on shared credit risk characteristics and past due status, taking into account historical credit loss data, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both current economic conditions and forward-looking general economic conditions at the reporting date.

## (g) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of raw materials and supplies are calculated using the first in first out principle. Cost includes direct costs incurred in acquiring the inventories. In the case of manufactured inventories and work-in-progress, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs to complete and to make the sale.

## (h) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed assets and the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located. Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalised as part of that equipment.

Differences between the proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss.

The cost of replacing a part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item when the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Group, and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an asset and recognised in profit or loss. No depreciation is provided on freehold land and assets under construction.

10 years 3 - 31 years 2 - 20 years 3 and 5 years 3, 5 and 10 years

## Intangible assets (i)

Intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it will generate future economic benefits. Amortisation is calculated on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets and recognised in profit or loss.

The estimated useful lives are as follows: Software licences

3 and 5 years

## Leases (i)

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses that a contract is, or contains, a lease when it conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

At commencement or on modification of a contract, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of its relative stand-alone prices of each component.

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date except for leases of low-value assets and short-term leases which are recognised as expenses on a straight line basis over the respective lease terms.

Right-of-use asset is measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, and adjusted for any remeasurements of lease liability. The cost of right-of-use asset includes the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any prepaid lease payments, plus any initial direct costs incurred. Depreciation is charged to profit or loss on a straight line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of all lease payments that shall be paid under the lease. The Group uses the Group's incremental borrowing rate to discount the lease payments to the present value. The Group determines its incremental borrowing rate by obtaining interest rates from various external financing sources and makes certain adjustments to reflect the terms of the lease and type of the asset leased.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a lease modification. When the lease liability is remeasured, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

## Impairment of non-financial assets (k)

The carrying amounts of the Group's assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the assets' recoverable amounts are estimated. For intangible assets that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated each year at the same time.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is assessed from the estimated future cash flows discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset

An impairment loss of asset recognised in prior periods is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

## Employee benefits (l)

Obligations for contributions to the Group provident funds are expensed as the related service is Defined contribution plans provided.

The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods. The defined benefit obligations is discounted to the present value, which performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, actuarial gain or loss are recognised immediately in OCI. The Group determines the interest expense on the net defined benefit liability for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period, taking into account any changes in the net defined benefit liability during the period as a result of contributions and benefit payments. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in profit or loss. The Group recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

Other long-term employee benefits

The Group's net obligation in respect of long-term employee benefits is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. That benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Remeasurements are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Termination benefit plans

Termination benefits are expensed at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises costs for a restructuring. If benefits are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting period, then they are discounted.

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

## (m) Provisions

Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost.

## Fair value measurement (n)

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Group has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

Whem measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are based on unobservable input.

The Group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

If an asset or a liability measured at fair value has a bid price and an ask price, then the Group measures assets and asset positions at a bid price and liabilities and liability positions at an ask price.

The best evidence of the fair value of a financial instrument on initial recognition is normally the transaction price - i.e. the fair value of the consideration given or received.

## Revenue (0)

Revenue is recognised when a customer obtains control of the goods in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties, value added tax and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Revenue from sales of goods is recognised on the date on which the goods are delivered to the customers.

## Other income (p)

Other income, which comprises dividend, interest income and others is generally recognised based on accrual basis, except for dividend income which is recognised in profit or loss on the date on which the Group's right to receive payment is established.

## Income tax (q)

Income tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax, which is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax is recognised in respect of the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for the temporary differences the initial recognition of assets or liabilities at the time of the transaction (i) affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and (ii) does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset in separate financial statements.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

## Earnings per share (r)

The calculations of basic EPS has been based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company and the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding

## 4 Related parties

Relationship with The Group parent and subsidiary is described in notes 1 and 8. For other related parties which the Group had significant transactions with during the year were as follows:

Name of entities	Country of incorporation	Nature of relationships
Muramoto Industry Co., Ltd.	Japan	Parent of the Group, some common directors
Muramoto USA Inc.	USA	Parent is major shareholder, some common director
Muramoto Audio-Visual Philippines Inc.	Philippines	Parent is major shareholder, some common director
Key management personnel		Persons having authority and responsibility for planning directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of the Group/ Company.

	IIII III Delle Del		Separ financial sta	atements
Year ended 30 September	2025	2024 (in thousa	2025 nd Baht)	2024
Parent of the Group Sales of goods	2,019,241	1,945,039	2,019,240	1,945,035
Purchases of goods and property, plant and equipment Service fees Technical fees Other income	20,162 264,100 2,137	59,169 224,717 4,859 219	20,162 261,426 1,604	53,103 222,031 4,231 153
Subsidiary Sales of goods Purchases of goods Dividend income	-	-	15 107,184 50,000	101 97,279 20,000
Other related parties Sales of goods	61,553	68,385	61,553	68,385
Key management personnel Key management personnel compensation Short-term employee benefits Total key management personnel	51,661	61,269	15,326	16,178 16,178
compensation	51,661	61,269	15,326	10,178

Balances with related parties At 30 September	Consolida financial state 2025	ted ements 2024 (in thousand	Separate financial state 2025 I Baht)	ements 2024
Trade accounts receivable Parent of the Group Subsidiary Other related parties Total	333,941 11,887 345,828	332,339 14,829 347,168	333,941 - 11,887 345,828	332,339 41 14,829 347,209
Other current receivables Parent of the Group Total	97 97	24 24	97 97	24 24
Trade accounts payable Parent of the Group Subsidiary Total	3,184	3,228	3,178 19,557 22,735	3,155 18,370 21,525
Other current payables Parent of the Group Other related parties Total	74,923 10 74,933	65,475 65,475	73,636 10 73,646	63,964
Payables for property, plant and equipment Parent of the Group Total	998 <b>998</b>	1,636 1,636	998 998	1,636 1,636

## Significant agreements with related parties

As at 30 September 2025, the parent company has guaranteed USD 6.1 million (equivalent to Baht 198 million) and Baht 675 million of credit facilities extended by the financial institutions to the Company (30 September 2024: USD 6.1 million (equivalent to Baht 198 million) and Baht 675 million).

## Service agreements

The Company and its subsidiary have entered into service agreements with the parent company whereby the parent company agrees to provide full assistance and furnish the Company and its subsidiary with all technical advice and business support for the production and marketing of electronic parts. Under the term of the agreements, the Company agrees to pay a fee equal to 1% - 2% and the subsidiary agrees to pay a fee equal to 0.75% of total sales in each fiscal year. The agreements are automatically renewed on a year-to-year basis, unless either of the parties hereto gives the other party prior written notice.

## Cash and cash equivalents 5

5	Cash and cash equivalents			
5		Consolidated financial statemen	Separa its financial sta 2025	ite itements 2024
	Cash on hand Cash at banks Total	431 2,958,870 1,98	(in thousand Baht) 303 205 35,437 2,277,422 2,277,627	73 1,443,863 1,443,936
6	Trade accounts receivable	Consolidated financial stateme	ents financial's	rate tatements 2024
	At 30 September Within credit terms Total	2025 2.886.405 2.5	2024 2025 (in thousand Baht) 530,788 2,541,054 2,541,054	2,158,936 2,158,936

## 7 Inventories

8

Inventories								
				Consolidat ncial state		financ 2025		2024
Raw materials Work in proces Finished goods Supplies Goods in transi Less allowance Net	t	value	45 58 <b>1,539</b>	,635 ,382 ,442 ,081 ,663 (,361)	597,380 219,234 873,118 63,073 43,218 <b>1,796,023</b> (30,546) <b>1,765,477</b>	398,03 138,61 593,41 24,66 29,28 1,184,02 (25,9 1,158,0	7 15 69 83 21 1,	462,937 140,652 740,171 35,256 17,542 396,558 (28,402) 368,156
Inventories rec 'cost of sale - Cost - Write-down - Reversal of Net	es of goods': to net realisab	le value		0,660 - 3,185) - 7,475	14,610,820 3,303 - 14,614,123	13,567,6 (2,4 13,565,4	- 452)	2,397,633 3,049 
Investment	Ownership 2025	interest 2024	Paid-up 2025	capital 2024	Cost mo 2025 (in thousa	2024	Dividend for the 2025	
Subsidiary Sima Technology Co., Ltd.	99.99	99.99	300,000	300,000	299,998	299,998	50,000 1. It isn't pul	20,000 blicly

Subsidiary engages in manufacture of electronic parts and was incorporated in Thailand. It isn't publicly listed consequently do not has published price quotation.

Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 September 2025

## 9 Property, plant and equipment

	Total	11,044,915 265,471 -	11,032,580 285,112 - (317,194) 11,000,498	8,572,477 421,062 (269,079)	8,724,460 416,113 (301,953) 8,838,620
	Construction in progress	18,825 121,340 (81,251)	58,914 178,639 (205,659) 31,894		1 1 1
Lumiture	funnture, fixtures and office equipment	176,199 24,090 1,069 (8,690)	192,668 15,829 1,902 (15,066)	141,797 19,678 (8,686)	152,789 21,417 (15,034) 159,172
Consolidated financial statements	ry and Transportation nent equipment (in thousand Baht)	78,746 17,287 (12,614)	83,419 10,786 - (15,496) 78,709	43,993 19,297 (11,547)	51,743 19,481 (15,496) 55,728
Consolidated fina	Machinery and equipment (in thous	6,422,514 96,088 66,473 (230,001)	6,355,074 57,047 108,605 (234,864) 6,285,862	5,687,108 258,796 (226,211)	5,719,693 253,819 (234,127) 5,739,385
	Buildings and structures	3,877,959 6,666 13,709 (26,501 <u>)</u>	3,871,833 22,811 92,893 (41,389) 3,946,148	2,648,332 120,149 (22,635)	2,745,846 120,374 (26,917) 2,839,303
	Land improvements	47,943	47,943	43,621 601	44,222 810 - 45,032
	Land	422,729	422,729	7,626 2,541	10,167 212 (10,379)
Property, plant and equipment		Cost At 1 October 2023 Additions Transfers	Disposals and write-off  At 30 September 2024 and 1 October 2024 Additions Transfers Disposals and write-off At 30 September 2025	Depreciation and impairment losses At 1 October 2023 Depreciation charge for the year	At 30 September 2024 and 1 October 2024 Depreciation charge for the year Disposals and write-off At 30 September 2025

Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary For the year ended 30 September 2025 Notes to the financial statements

Net book value At 30 September 2024 Owned assets Right-of-use assets	Land 412,350 212 412,562	Land improvements 3,721	Buildings and structures  1,114,223  1,125,987	Consolidated fin Machinery and equipment (in thou 416,841 218,540 635,381	Consolidated financial statements  Machinery and Transportation equipment (in thousand Baht)  416,841 218,540 31,655 635,381 31,676	Fur	Construction in progress 58,914 - 58,914	Total 2,045,835 262,285 2,308,120
At 30 September 2023 Owned assets Right-of-use assets	412,350	5,170 - 5,170	1,098,540 8,305 <b>1,106,845</b>	392,745 153,732 <b>546,4</b> 77	22,973 22,981	36,161	31,894	2,161,878

The gross amount of the Group's fully depreciated property, plant and equipment that was still in use as at 30 September 2025 amounted to Baht 6,447 million (2024: Baht 6,330 million).

Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 September 2025

	Construction in progress Total	18,378 7,550,250 117,901 224,843 (77,891) -	58,388 7,591,732 164,102 241,711 (190,907) - (274,125) 31,583 7,559,318	- 5,718,902 - 246,537 - (177,688)	- 5,787,751 - 253,120 - (259,611) - 5,781,260
Furniture, fixtures	e e	152,216 17,049 229 (8,322)	161,172 11,200 98 (11,610) 160,860	123,626 15,726 (8,317)	131,035 16,111 (11,585) 135,561
Separate financial statements	ry and Transportation nent equipment (in thousand Baht)	61,835 14,861 - (5,289)	71,407 4,723 - (8,990) 67,140	32,531 15,417 (4,222)	43,726 16,479 (8,990) 51,215
Separate finar	Machinery and equipment (in thous	4,078,764 69,184 63,953 (151,462)	4,060,439 39,927 95,657 (204,574) 3,991,449	3,722,254 133,327 (149,890)	3,705,691 138,112 (203,912) 3,639,891
	Buildings and structures	2,800,078 5,848 13,709 (18,288)	2,801,347 21,759 92,893 (38,572) 2,877,427	1,789,244 78,925 (15,259)	1,852,910 81,396 (24,745) 1,909,561
	Land improvements	47,943	47,943	43,621 601	44,222 810 - 45,032
	Land	391,036	391,036	7,626 2,541	10,167 212 (10,379)
		Cost At 1 October 2023 Additions Transfers Disposals and write-off	At 30 September 2024 and 1 October 2024 Additions Transfers Disposals and write-off At 30 September 2025	Depreciation and impairment losses At 1 October 2023 Depreciation charge for the year Disposals and write-off	At 30 September 2024 and 1 October 2024 Depreciation charge for the year Disposals and write-off At 30 September 2025

## Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary For the year ended 30 September 2025 Notes to the financial statements

Total	1,776,107	1,803,981	1,762,134	1,778,058
Construction in progress	58,388	58,388	31,583	31,583
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	30,138	30,138	25,299	25,299
Separate financial statements achinery and Transportation equipment equipment (in thousand Baht)	19	27,681	15,924	15,925
Separate finar Machinery and equipment (in thou	354,747	354,747	351,558	351,558
Buildings and structures	948,437	948,437	967,866	967,866
Land improvements	3,721	3,721	5,170	5,170
Land	380,657	380,869	380,657	380,657
	Net book value At 30 September 2024 Owned assets	rugint-or-use assets	At 30 September 2025 Owned assets Right-of-use assets	

The gross amount of the Company's fully depreciated property, plant and equipment that was still in use as at 30 September 2025 amounted to Baht 4,274 million (2024: Baht 4,254 million). The Group leases transportation equipment for 3 years to 5 years, with extension options at the end of lease term. The rental is payable monthly as specified in the contract. During 2025, the Group leased machinery and equipment and furniture, fixtures and office equipment for 3 years to 5 years and paid fixed lease payment over the lease term. These payment terms are common in Thailand.

Year ended 30 September	Consol financial st 2025		Sepa financial st 2025	
		(in thouse	and Baht)	
Amounts recognised in profit or loss			ŕ	
Depreciation of right-of-use assets:				
- Land	212	2,542	212	2,542
- Buildings and structures	4,359	4,856	-	-
- Machinery and equipment	88,340	96,680	· ·	-
- Transportation equipment	19,459	19,279	16,460	15,398
- Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	77	77	· -	_
Interest on lease liabilities	7,236	9,537	649	707
Expenses relating to short-term leases and				
leases of low-value assets	4,727	5,830	2,407	3,874

In 2025, total cash outflow for leases of the Group and the Company were Baht 120 million and Baht 17 million, respectively (2024: Baht 132 million and Baht 19 million, respectively).

## 10 Interest-bearing liabilities

	Consoli	idated	Sepa	rate
	financial st	atements	financial s	tatements
	2025	2024	2025	2024
		(in thousan	nd Baht)	
Lease liabilities	178,273	250,688	16,305	28,381
Total	178,273	250,688	16,305	28,381

As at 30 September 2025, the Company has unutilised credit facilities (short-term loan and letter of guarantee) of Baht 1,369 million (2024: Baht 1,369 million).

## 11 Non-current provisions for employee benefits

Consoli	dated	Sepai	rate
financial st	atements	financial st	atements
2025	2024	2025	2024
	(in thousa	nd Baht)	
410,714	382,904	314,747	299,612
30,165	23,478	30,165	23,478
440,879	406,382	344,912	323,090
	financial st 2025 410,714 30,165	(in thousand 410,714 382,904 30,165 23,478	financial statements financial st 2025 2024 2025 (in thousand Baht) 410,714 382,904 314,747 30,165 23,478 30,165

## Defined benefit plan

The Group and the Company operate a defined benefit plans based on the requirement of Thai Labour Protection Act B.E. 2541 (1998) to provide retirement benefits to employees based on pensionable remuneration and length of service. The defined benefit plans expose the Group to actuarial risks, such as longevity risk, currency risk and interest rate risk and market (investment) risk.

Present value of the defined benefit obligations	Consoli financial st	tatements	Separ financial st	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
		(in thousand	d Baht)	
At the beginning of the year	406,382	374,658	323,090	309,214
Recognised in profit or loss				
Current service cost	25,357	22,856	19,710	18,155
Interest on obligation	9,491	10,922	7,520	8,847
Curtailment loss	2,123	2,514	1,254	929
	36,971	36,292	28,484	27,931
Recognised in other comprehensive income Actuarial loss (gain) - Financial assumptions - Experience adjustment	35,961 11,182 47,143	26,800 6,101 32,901	27,363 9,520 36,883	18,880 (985) 17,895
Benefit paid	(49,617)	(37,469)	(43,545)	(31,950)
At the end of the year	440,879	406,382	344,912	323,090
2	Consoli		Separ	
Principal actuarial assumptions	financial st		financial st	Lancard Company
	2025	2024	2025	2024
		(%)		
Discount rate	1.5	2.5	1.5	2.5
Future salary growth	3.2 and 4.0	3.0 and 4.0	4.0	4.0
Employee turnover	0 - 14.0	0 - 13.0	0 - 13.0	0 - 13.0

Assumptions regarding future mortality have been based on published statistics and mortality tables.

At 30 September 2025, the weighted-average duration of the defined benefit obligation were during 8 to 9 years (2024: 8 to 10 years).

## Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below.

	Consolidated financial statements					
Effect to the defined benefit obligation	0.5% increase	in assumption	0.5% decrease	in assumption		
At 30 September	2025	2024	2025	2024		
	(in thousand Baht)					
Discount rate	(17,640)	(15,519)	18,929	16,624		
Future salary growth	17,368	15,482	(16,363)	(14,600)		
Employee turnover	(17,255)	(15,444)	9,791	8,737		
Gold price increasing	318	224	(308)	(218)		

	The state of the s					
Effect to the defined benefit obligation	0.5% increase	in assumption	0.5% decrease	e in assumption		
At 30 September	2025	2024	2025	2024		
		(in thous	and Baht)			
Discount rate	(13,857)	(11,969)	14,860	12,817		
Future salary growth	13,365	11,975	(12,593)	(11,299)		
Employee turnover	(13,510)	(11,944)	7,786	6,742		
Gold price increasing	318	224	(308)	(218)		

## 12 Share capital

Share premium

Section 51 of the Public Companies Act B.E. 2535 requires companies to set aside share subscription monies received in excess of the par value of the shares issued to a reserve account ("share premium"). Share premium is not available for dividend distribution.

## 13 Legal reserve

Section 116 of the Public Limited Companies Act B.E. 2535 (1992) requires that a public company shall allocate not less than 5% of its annual net profit, less any accumulated losses brought forward, to a reserve account ("legal reserve"), until this account reaches an amount not less than 10% of the registered authorised capital. The legal reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

## 14 Segment information and disaggregation of revenue

Management determined that the Group has three reportable segments which are the Group's strategic divisions for different products, and are managed separately because they require different technology and marketing strategies. The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments.

- Segment 1 Electric parts for automotive business
- Segment 2 Electronic parts for office automation business
- Segment 3 Other business

Each segment's performance is measured based on segment profit before tax, as included in the internal management reports that are reviewed by the Group's CODM. Segment profit before tax is used to measure performance as management believes that such information is the most relevant in evaluating the results of certain segments relative to other entities that operate within these industries. Inter-segment pricing is determined on an arm's length basis.

Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 September 2025

					Consol	idated finar	Consolidated financial statements	nts				
	Electric parts	c parts	Electronic parts	ic parts	Other electronic	etronic						
	for automotive	motive	for office	ffice	parts	S.	Total	al	Eliminations	tions	Total	TR
Year ended 30 September	2025	2024	2025 200	2024	2025	2024 202 (in million Raht)	2025 (Raht)	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Information about												
External revenue	2,942	3,274	13,837	11,952	914	209	17,693	15,833	1	1	17,693	15,833
Inter-segment revenue	1		107	96	-	•	107	26	(107)	(97)	1	
Total revenue	2,942	3,275	13,944	12,048	914	209	17,800	15,930	(107)	(97)	17,693	15,833
Disaggregation of revenue												
Primary geographical markets												
Thailand	1,347	1,304	57	5,235	225	217	1,629	6,756	1	2	1,629	6,756
Japan	1,511	1,849	13,720	6,717	685	390	15,916	8,956	1	1	15,916	8,956
US	09	89	1	i	i		09	89	•	•	09	89
Others	24	53	09		4	1	88	53	,		88	53
Total revenue	2,942	3,274	13,837	11,952	914	209	17,693	15,833	1	1	17,693	15,833
Segment profit before income tax	213	80	1,143	297	98	12	1,442	389	(20)	(20)	1,392	369
Interest income	7	∞	18	19		_	26	28	Ē	•	26	28
Interest expense		1	(7)	(10)	1	1	(2)	(10)	1	į		(10)
Depreciation and amortisation	(53)	(99)	(367)	(363)	(15)	(11)	(435)	(440)	ı	į	(435)	(440)
Tax expense	(51)	(15)	(227)	(56)	(15)	(3)	(293)	(74)	1	1	(293)	(74)
Segment assets	876	1,180	3,863	3,716	1,221	1,130	6,062	6,026	(19)	(19)	6,043	6,007
Segment liabilities	(307)	(401)	(1,374)	(1,388)	(118)	(70)	(1,799)	(1,859)	18	18	(1,781)	(1,841)

Muramoto Electron (Thailand) Public Company Limited and its Subsidiary For the year ended 30 September 2025 Notes to the financial statements

	2024	6,613 6,801 68 53 13,535
	Total 2025	1,507 13,964 60 88 15,619
etronic	ts 2024	217 272 489
Other electronic parts 2025 204)	225 558 - 4 787	
Separate financial statements ic parts	tomation 2024 (in million Baht)	5,235 4,680 - - 9,915
Separat Electronic parts	for office automation 2025 2024 (in	57 11,895 - 60 12,012
parts	notive 2024	1,161 1,849 68 53 3,131
Electric parts for automotive 2025		1,225 1,511 60 24 2,820
	For the year ended 30 September	Disaggregation of revenue Primary geographical markets Thailand Japan US Others Total revenue

Timing of revenue recognition

The main portion of revenue of the Group and the Company for the year ended 30 September 2025 and 2024 recognised at the point in time.

## Reconciliations of reportable segment assets and liabilities

	Consolidated financial statements				
	Asse	ts	Liabili	ties	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	
		(in million	Baht)		
Reportable segments	6,043	6,007	1,781	1,841	
Other unallocated amounts	3,971	3,026	1,003	856	
Total	10,014	9,033	2,784	2,697	

## Geographical segments

Segments 1, 2 and 3 are managed on a worldwide basis but operate manufacturing facilities and sales offices in Thailand.

## Major customer

Revenues from three customers of the Group's Electronic parts for automotive, Electronic parts for office automation and other electronic parts segments represents approximately Baht 15,739 million (2024: Baht 11,949 million) of the Group's total revenue.

## Promotional privileges

The Company has been granted promotional certificates by the Office of the Board of Investment for manufacturing of metal, plastic, and assembly parts of electronic parts. The Company has been granted several privileges including exemption import duty of necessary material used in production of promoted products for export and exception from payment of import duty on machinery approved by the Board throughout the period of the privileges, which the Company must comply with.

The subsidiary has been granted promotional certificates by the Office of the Board of Investment for manufacturing of electronic parts. The Company has been granted several privileges including exemption import duty of necessary material used in production of promoted products for export and exception from payment of import duty on machinery approved by the Board throughout the period of the privileges.

## 15 Expenses by nature

	Consol	idated	Separate	
	financial s	tatements	financial s	tatements
	2025	2024	2025	2024
		(in thousan	nd Baht)	
Changes in inventories of finished				
goods and work in progress	170,334	(391,344)	148,791	(439,365)
Raw materials and consumables used	12,291,926	11,831,882	11,170,566	10,562,293
Employee benefit expenses	2,156,304	2,140,139	1,763,693	1,710,790
Depreciation and amortisation	435,137	440,002	270,475	264,309
Service fees	264,100	224,717	261,426	222,031
Transportation expenses	132,334	107,466	129,695	104,858
Lease-related expenses	16,964	16,820	14,644	14,864
Others	892,200	942,496	550,650	597,776
Total cost of sales of goods,				
distribution costs and				12.02###
administrative expenses	16,359,299	15,312,178	14,309,940	13,037,556

## 16 Income tax

Income tax recognised in profit or loss         financial statements         financial statements           2025         2024         2025         2025         2024           Current tax expense           Current year         278,935         64,096         263,499         49,041           Under provided in prior years         13,387         -         13,405         -           292,322         64,096         276,904         49,041           Deferred tax expense           Movements in temporary differences         231         9,514         588         10,105           292,553         73,610         277,492         59,146           Consolidated financial statements           2025         2024           Income tax         tax         Net of         Before         Tax         Net of           Recognised in other           comprehensive income           Defined benefit plan           actuarial loss         (47,143)         9,428         (37,715)         (32,900)         6,580         (26,320)           Total         (47,143)				Consolidated	1	Separa		
Current tax expense	Income tax recognised in pro	fit or loss	fina	ncial statem	ents	financial sta	tements	
Current tax expense           Current year $278,935$ $64,096$ $263,499$ $49,041$ Under provided in prior years $13,387$ - 13,405         - 13,405           292,322 $64,096$ $276,904$ $49,041$ Deferred tax expense         Movements in temporary differences         Consolidated financial statements           Income tax         Before         Tax         Net of Before         Comprehensive income           Defined benefit plan actuarial loss         (47,143)         9,428         (37,715)         (32,900)         6,580         (26,320)           Total         Separate financial statements           Separate financial statements         2024         Net of           Before         Tax         Net of         Before         Tax         Net of           Income tax         benefit         tax         benefit         tax         benefit	meome and recognises in pro-	,	202	.5 2	2024	2025	2024	
Current year         278,935         64,096         263,499         49,041           Under provided in prior years         13,387         -         13,405         -           292,322         64,096         276,904         49,041           Deferred tax expense           Movements in temporary differences         231         9,514         588         10,105           292,553         73,610         277,492         59,146           Consolidated financial statements           2025         2024         Net of           Income tax         tax         Net of         Before         Tax         Net of           Income tax         tax         benefit         tax         tax         benefit         tax           Recognised in other comprehensive income           Defined benefit plan actuarial loss         (47,143)         9,428         (37,715)         (32,900)         6,580         (26,320)           Total         (47,143)         9,428         (37,715)         (32,900)         6,580         (26,320)           Separate financial statements           2025         2024         Net of         Before         Tax         Net of <td c<="" th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>(in thousand</th><th>Baht)</th><th></th></td>	<th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>(in thousand</th> <th>Baht)</th> <th></th>					(in thousand	Baht)	
Current year         278,935         64,096         263,499         49,041           Under provided in prior years         13,387         -         13,405         -           292,322         64,096         276,904         49,041           Deferred tax expense           Movements in temporary differences $\frac{231}{292,553}$ $\frac{9,514}{73,610}$ $\frac{588}{277,492}$ $\frac{10,105}{59,146}$ Consolidated financial statements           2025         2024         Net of           Income tax         tax         Net of         Before         Tax         Net of           Income tax         tax         benefit         tax         tax         benefit         tax           Recognised in other comprehensive income           Defined benefit plan actuarial loss $(47,143)$ $9,428$ $(37,715)$ $(32,900)$ $6,580$ $(26,320)$ Total $(47,143)$ $9,428$ $(37,715)$ $(32,900)$ $6,580$ $(26,320)$ Separate financial statements           2025         2024         Net of $6,580$ $6,580$ $6,580$ $6,580$ $6,580$ $6$	Current tax expense							
Under provided in prior years $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	_		278,	935	64,096	263,499	49,041	
Deferred tax expense Movements in temporary differences			13,	387		13,405	_	
Movements in temporary differences $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Chack provided in providing		292,	322	64,096	276,904	49,041	
Movements in temporary differences $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Deferred tax expense							
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		erences		231	9,514			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1.20		292,	553	73,610	277,492	59,146	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
Income taxBefore taxTax benefitNet of tax tax tax benefitBefore taxTax benefitNet of tax tax benefitRecognised in other comprehensive income $(in thous and Baht)$ $(in thous and Baht)$ Defined benefit plan actuarial loss $(47,143)$ $9,428$ $(37,715)$ $(32,900)$ $6,580$ $(26,320)$ Total $(47,143)$ $9,428$ $(37,715)$ $(32,900)$ $6,580$ $(26,320)$ Separate financial statements $2025$ $2024$ Before Tax Net of Before Tax benefitTax benefitNet of tax benefit			Cons	solidated fin	ancial stater			
Income taxtaxbenefittaxtaxtaxbenefittaxRecognised in other comprehensive incomeDefined benefit plan actuarial loss $(47,143)$ $9,428$ $(37,715)$ $(32,900)$ $6,580$ $(26,320)$ Total $(47,143)$ $9,428$ $(37,715)$ $(32,900)$ $6,580$ $(26,320)$ Separate financial statements20252024BeforeTaxNet ofBeforeTaxNet ofIncome taxtaxbenefittaxbenefittax			2025					
Recognised in other comprehensive income Defined benefit plan actuarial loss Total  Separate financial statements  2025 Before Tax Net of Before Tax benefit tax  Income tax		Before	Tax	Net of				
Recognised in other comprehensive incomeDefined benefit plan actuarial loss $(47,143)$ $9,428$ $(37,715)$ $(32,900)$ $6,580$ $(26,320)$ Total $(47,143)$ $9,428$ $(37,715)$ $(32,900)$ $6,580$ $(26,320)$ Separate financial statements20252024BeforeTaxNet ofBeforeTaxNet ofIncome taxtaxbenefittaxbenefittax	Income tax	tax	benefit			benefit	tax	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				(in thous	and Baht)			
actuarial loss $(47,143)$ $9,428$ $(37,715)$ $(32,900)$ $6,580$ $(26,320)$ Total Separate financial statements  Separate financial statements  2025 2024  Before Tax Net of Before Tax Net of Income tax benefit tax benefit tax	comprehensive income							
Total $(47,143)$ $9,428$ $(37,715)$ $(32,900)$ $6,580$ $(26,320)$ Separate financial statements  2025 2024  Before Tax Net of Before Tax Net of Income tax benefit tax benefit tax				(25.51.5)	(22.000)	( 500	(26.220)	
Separate financial statements  2025  Before Tax Net of Before Tax Net of Income tax  tax benefit tax tax benefit tax	actuarial loss							
Before Tax Net of Before Tax Net of Income tax tax benefit tax tax benefit tax	Total	(47,143)	9,428	(37,715)	(32,900)	6,580	(26,320)	
Before Tax Net of Before Tax Net of Income tax tax benefit tax tax benefit tax			Communical statements					
Before Tax Net of Before Tax Net of Income tax benefit tax benefit tax				рагате ппа	iciai statemi		. 6	
Income tax tax benefit tax tax benefit tax		D - f		Not of	Refore		Net of	
Income tax benefit tax								
(10110011500001500011)	Income tax	lax	belletit			Senem		
	Descripted in other			(iii iiiota	jana Dani)			
Recognised in other comprehensive income	comprehensive income							
Defined benefit plan  actuarial loss (36,883) 7,377 (29,506) (17,895) 3,579 (14,316)		(2 ( 002)	7 277	(20.506)	(17 805)	3 570	(14 316)	
actualitations (50,005) 7,577 (27,005) 2,570 (14,216)					-			
Total $(36,883)$ $(7,377$ $(29,506)$ $(17,895)$ $(35,579$ $(14,316)$	Total	(36,883)		(29,500)	(17,093)		(11,010)	

Reconciliation of effective tax rate		solidated fin 2025		atements 2024		Separate finan 2025	cial state	ements 2024
		(in		(in		(in		(in
	Rate	thousand	Rate	thousand	Rate	thousand	Rate	thousand
	(%)	Baht)	(%)	Baht)	(%)	Baht)	(%)	Baht)
Profit before	(1-5)	,	(>		, ,		3 6	
income tax expense		1,392,489		369,303		1,363,694		314,189
Income tax using the Thai corporation								
tax rate	20	278,498	20	73,861	20	272,739	20	62,838
Income not subject to tax		-		-		(10,000)		(4,000)
Expenses additionally deductible for tax								
purposes		(474)	)	(623)		(357)		(484)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes and								
others		1,142		372		1,705		792
Under provided in								
prior years		13,387			-	13,405		
Total	21_	292,553		73,610	20	277,492		59,146
					ed finar	icial statements		
Deferred tax				Assets		Liabil		4
At 30 September			2025	2024		2025	2024	+
m - 1			276 100			ad Baht)	(242	601)
Total			276,109			(259,575)	(242,	15
Set off of tax		_	(253,922			253,922 (5,653)	230,	
Net deferred tax assets (	liabilitie	es)	22,187	19,7	//0	(5,055)	(12,	++1)
	Separate financial statements							
Deferred tax				Assets	,	Liabil		4
At 30 September			2025	2024		2025	202	4
T + 1			70.405		thousar 975	nd Baht)	100	416)
Total			79,407		975)	(85,060)		416) 975
Set off of tax	71. 1. 11	_	(79,407	(13,	) (3)	79,407		
Net deferred tax assets (	liabilitie	es)				(5,653)	(12,	441)

	C	onsolidated fina (Charged)/	ancial statements Credited to	
Deferred tax	At the beginning of the year	Profit or loss	Other comprehensive income	At the end of the year
2025		(in thousa	and Baht)	
2025 Deferred tax assets				
Inventories	5,706	(475)	_	5,231
Property, plant and equipment	718	(30)	_	688
Non-current provisions for employee benefits	81,277	(2,529)	9,428	88,176
Lease liabilities			9,420	
	148,822	31,218	-	180,040
Derivatives	226 522	1,974	0.420	1,974
Total	236,523	30,158	9,428	276,109
Deferred tax liability				
Property, plant and equipment	(78,855)	(3,020)	_	(81,875)
Right-of-use assets	(146,345)	(31,355)	-	(177,700)
Derivatives	(3,986)	3,986	_	-
Total	(229,186)	(30,389)		(259,575)
	(==>,==>)	(20,20)		(===)
Net	7,337	(231)	9,428	16,534
2024				
Deferred tax assets				
Inventories	5,099	607	_	5,706
Property, plant and equipment	777	(59)		718
Non-current provisions for employee benefits	74,932	(235)	6,580	81,277
Lease liabilities	125,796	23,026	-	148,822
Total	206,604	23,339	6,580	236,523
Deferred tax liabilities				
Property, plant and equipment	(72,946)	(5,909)	-	(78,855)
Right-of-use assets	(123,387)	(22,958)		(146,345)
Derivatives		(3,986)	_	(3,986)
Total	(196,333)	(32,853)	-	(229,186)
Net	10,271	(9,514)	6,580	7,337

Deferred tax	At the beginning of the year	Separate finan (Charged) / Profit or loss (in thousa	Other comprehensive income	At the end of the year
2025 Deferred tax assets Inventories Non-current provisions for employee benefits Lease liabilities	5,681 64,618 5,676	(491) (3,013) (2,415)	7,377	5,190 68,982 3,261
Derivatives Total	75,975	1,974 (3,945)	7,377	1,974 <b>79,407</b>
Deferred tax liabilities Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Derivatives Total	(78,855) (5,575) (3,986) (88,416)	(3,020) 2,390 3,986 3,356	- - - -	(81,875) (3,185) - (85,060)
Net	(12,441)	(589)	7,377	(5,653)
2024 Deferred tax assets Inventories Non-current provisions for employee benefits Lease liabilities Total	5,071 61,843 6,521 73,435	610 (804) (845) (1,039)	3,579 3,579	5,681 64,618 5,676 75,975
Deferred tax liabilities Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Derivatives Total	(72,946) (6,404) (79,350)	(5,909) 829 (3,986) (9,066)		(78,855) (5,575) (3,986) (88,416)
Net	(5,915)	(10,105)	3,579	(12,441)

## 17 Basic earnings per share

		lidated statements	Separate financial statements		
	2025	2024	2025	2024	
	(	in thousand Bah	nt / thousand share	es)	
Profit attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the Company (basic)	1,099,936	295,693	1,086,202	255,043	
Number of ordinary shares outstanding					
at 30 September	20,898	20,898	20,898	20,898	
Earnings per share (basic) (in Baht)	52.63	14.15	51.98	12.20	
Dividends					
Approval dat	e Paymen	t schedule	Rate per share in Baht) (in	Amount million Baht)	

21 February 2025

22 February 2024

8

10

167

209

## 19 Financial instruments

2024 Annual dividend

2023 Annual dividend

18

2025

2024

## (a) Carrying amounts and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy, but does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

24 January 2025

26 January 2024

	Consolidated financial statements / Separate financial statements		
	Carrying amount	Fair value	
	Financial instruments measure at FVTPL	Level 2	
	(in thousand	Baht)	
30 September 2025			
Financial Liabilities			
Forward foreign exchange contracts	9,869	9,869	
30 September 2024 Financial Assets			
Forward foreign exchange contracts	19,930	19,930	

The following tables present valuation technique of financial instruments measured at fair value in the statements of financial position:

## Type

## Valuation technique

Forward exchange contracts

Forward pricing: The fair value is determined using quoted forward exchange rates at the reporting date and present value calculations based on high credit quality yield curves in the respective currencies.

## (b) Financial risk management policies

## Risk management framework

The Group's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The board of directors has established the risk management committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies. The committee reports regularly to the board of directors on its activities.

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed twice a year to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Group audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Group's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group. The Group audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit. Internal audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

## (b.1) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers.

## (b.1.1) Trade accounts receivable

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the factors that may influence the credit risk of its customer base, including the default risk associated with the industry in which customers operate.

The risk management committee has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analysed individually for creditworthiness before the Group's commercial terms and conditions are offered.

The Group limits its exposure to credit risk from trade accounts receivables by establishing a maximum payment period of 3 months. Outstanding trade receivables are regularly monitored by the Group. An impairment analysis is performed by the Group at each reporting date. The provision rates of expected credit loss are based on days past due for individual trade receivables to reflect differences between economic conditions in the past, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

Information relevant to trade accounts receivables are disclosed in note 6.

## (b.1.2) Cash and cash equivalent

The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents is limited because the counterparties are banks and financial institutions which the Group considers to have low credit risk.

## (b.2) Liquidity risk

The Group monitors its liquidity risk and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and to mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The following table shows the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted and include contractual interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

### Consolidated financial statements Contractual cash flows More than 1 year but less 1 year Carrying than At 30 September amount or less 5 years Total (in thousand Baht) 2025 Non-derivative financial liabilities Trade accounts payable 1,642,489 1,642,489 1.642.489 Other current payables 356,090 356,090 356,090 Payables for property, plant and equipment 10,996 10.996 10,996 Lease liabilities 178,273 89,751 96,619 186,370 2,187,848 2,099,326 96,619 2,195,945 2024 Non-derivative financial liabilities Trade accounts payable 1,685,452 1,685,452 1,685,452 Other current payables 313,774 313,774 313,774 Payables for property, plant and equipment 20,214 20,214 20,214 Lease liabilities 250,688 105,814 157,546 263,360 2,270,128 2,125,254 157,546 2,282,800

At 30 September	Carrying amount	Separate financi Con  1 year or less (in thousan	tractual cash flows More than 1 year but less than 5 years	Total
2025				
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Trade accounts payable	1,472,746	1,472,746	_	1,472,746
Other current payables	319,014	319,014	_	319,014
Payables for property, plant		,		,
and equipment	10,580	10,580	_	10,580
Lease liabilities	16,305	9,029	7,896	16,925
,	1,818,645	1,811,369	7,896	1,819,265
2024				
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Trade accounts payable	1,514,455	1,514,455	-	1,514,455
Other current payables	275,005	275,005	-	275,005
Payables for property, plant				
and equipment	16,268	16,268	-	16,268
Lease liabilities	28,381	16,626	12,670	29,296
_	1,834,109	1,822,354	12,670	1,835,024

## (b.3) Market risk

The Group is exposed to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk is as follows:

## (b.3.1) Foreign currency risk

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk relating to purchases and sales which are denominated in foreign currencies. The Group primarily utilises forward exchange contracts with maturities of less than one year to hedge such financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. The forward exchange contracts entered into at the reporting date also relate to anticipated purchases and sales, denominated in foreign currencies, for subsequent period.

	Consolidated financial statements			
F	20	25	202	.4
Exposure to foreign currency	LICE	TDV/	TIOD	TDX/
At 30 September	USD	JPY	USD	JPY
	200 222		and Baht)	
Cash and cash equivalents	390,232	34,784	648,032	14,752
Trade accounts receivable	2,048,971	342,085	1,649,423	334,006
Other current receivables	-	97	1,273	(19)
Trade accounts payable	(117,664)	(20,255)	(118,932)	(18,290)
Other current payables	(199)	(2,252)	(7)	(2,917)
Payables for property, plant and				
equipment	(793)	(998)	-	(1,636)
Lease liabilities	-	(107,753)	·-	(151,937)
Net statement of financial				
position exposure	2,320,547	245,708	2,179,789	173,959
Forward exchange selling				
contracts	(859,463)		(515,406)	
Net exposure	1,461,084	245,708	1,664,383	173,959
		Separate finar	icial statements	
	20	25	202	24
Exposure to foreign currency				
At 30 September	USD	JPY	USD	JPY
		(in thous	and Baht)	
Cash and cash equivalents	390,232	34,201	648,032	10,456
Trade accounts receivable	2,048,971	318,723	1,649,423	317,508
Other current receivables	-	97	1,273	-
Trade accounts payable	(117,664)	(8,588)	(118, 188)	(8,032)
Other current payables	(199)	(1,625)	(7)	(2,116)
Payables for property, plant and	3 5	180 15 150		
equipment	(793)	(998)	-	(1,636)
Net statement of financial				
position exposure	2,320,547	341,810	2,180,533	316,180
Forward exchange selling				
contracts	(859,463)	-	(515,406)	-
Net exposure	1,461,084	341,810	1,665,127	316,180
T	7			

## Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening (weakening) of Thai Baht against all other foreign currencies at the reporting date would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in a foreign currency. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant.

		Consolie financial st		Separ financial st	
Impact to profit or loss	Movement	Strengthening	Weakening	Strengthening	Weakening
	(%)		(in thouse	and Baht)	
2025	, ,				
USD	(5)	116,027	(116,027)	116,027	(116,027)
JPY	(6)	14,742	(14,742)	20,509	(20,509)
2024					
USD	(1)	21,798	(21,798)	21,805	(21,805)
JPY	(9)	15,656	(15,656)	28,456	(28,456)

## 20 Capital management

The Board of Directors' policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Board regularly monitors the return on capital by evaluating result from operating activities divided by total shareholders' equity, excluding non-controlling interests and also monitors the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

## 21 Commitments with non-related parties

	Consoli		Separ	ate
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
		(in thousar	nd Baht)	
Capital commitments				
Building and other constructions	-	8,346	-	8,346
Machinery and equipment	44,549	24,984	43,046	16,237
Office equipment	8	3,769	-	209
Intangible assets	2,481	2,948	2,318	2,680
Total	47,038	40,047	45,364	27,472
Other commitments				
Short-term lease commitments and				
leases for low value assets	7,841	5,745	6,529	3,943
Bank guarantees	31,002	31,002	31,002	31,002

As at 30 September 2025, the Group had office equipment agreements for various periods, which will expire during 2026 to 2030.

The Company had bank guarantee issued by various financial institutions for use of electricity and gasoline.

## 22 Reclassification of accounts

Certain accounts in the 2024 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the presentation in the 2025 financial statements as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements 2024			
	Before		After	
	reclassification	Reclassification (in thousand Baht)	reclassification	
Statements of comprehensive income for the year ended 30 September Income		(in inousana bani)		
Gain from fair value adjustment	=	19,930	19,930	
Expenses				
Net foreign exchange losses	267,264	(19,930)	287,194	
	Separate financial statements 2024			
	Before		After	
			Alter	
	reclassification	Reclassification (in thousand Baht)	reclassification	
Statements of comprehensive income for the year ended 30 September		Reclassification (in thousand Baht)		
for the year ended 30 September Income		(in thousand Baht)	reclassification	

The reclassifications have been made because, in the opinion of management, the new classification is more appropriate to the Company's business.